



# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

## B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – STATISTICS

FIRST SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2014

### ST 1503/ST 1501 - PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

Date : 10/11/2014  
Time : 01:00-04:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

#### PART – A

Answer **ALL** questions:

**(10x2=20 Marks)**

1. Three coins are tossed. Find the probability of getting (i) one head (ii) exactly two heads.
2. If A, B, C are three mutually exclusive and exhaustive events. Find  $P(B)$ , if  $\frac{1}{3}P(C) = \frac{1}{2}P(A) = P(B)$ .
3. Define random variable with an example.
4. List the properties of distribution function.
5. State multiplication theorem of probability.
6. Define independent events.
7. Define sample space and events.
8. A continuous random variable X has the p.d.f.  $f(x) = A e^{-x/2}, x \geq 0$ . Find A.
9. What is the mathematical expectation of the sum of the points on 2 dice?
10. Prove that  $\text{Cov}(aX, bY) = ab \text{Cov}(X, Y)$

#### PART – B

Answer any **FIVE** questions:

**(5x8=40 Marks)**

11. State and prove addition theorem of probability for two events. Extend the result for three events.
12. A bag contains 4 white and 8 black balls. Two balls are drawn at random. What is the probability that (a) both are white (b) both are black (c) one white and one black?
13. Show that  $E(X + Y) = E(X) + E(Y)$ .
14. Let  $P(A) = p, P(A | B) = q, P(B | A) = r$ , find the relations between the numbers p, q and r for the following cases: (a) A and B are mutually exclusive and collectively exhaustive. (b) A is a sub event of B (c) Events A and B are mutually exclusive (d) Events  $\bar{A}$  and  $\bar{B}$  are mutually exclusive.
15. There are 3 boxes containing 1 white, 2 red, 3 black balls; 2 white, 3 red, 1 black balls; 3 white, 1 red and 3 black balls. A box is chosen at random and from it two balls are drawn at random. The two balls are 1 red and 1 white. What is the probability that they come from (i) the first box (ii) second box (iii) the third box

16. The probability function of a random variable  $X$  is given by

$$P(X) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & \text{for } x = -2 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \text{for } x = 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{for } x = 10 \\ 0 & \text{Otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the probabilities (a)  $P(X \leq 0)$  (b)  $P(X < 0)$  (c)  $P(|X| \leq 2)$  (d)  $P(0 \leq X \leq 10)$

17. Find the mean and variance of  $X$  whose p.d.f. is  $f(x) = 5e^{-5x}$ ,  $x \geq 0$ .

18. Show that (i)  $V(cX) = c^2 V(X)$ , (ii)  $V(aX + b) = a^2 V(X)$ .

### PART – C

Answer any **TWO** questions:

**(2x20=40 Marks)**

19. (a) State and Prove Baye's theorem.

(b) State and prove multiplication law of probability.

20. (a) A continuous random variable  $X$  has the p.d.f.  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Verify that it is a p.d.f. and evaluate the following probabilities: (i)  $P(X \leq 1/3)$   
(ii)  $P(1/3 \leq X \leq 1/2)$  (iii)  $P(X \leq 1/2 \mid 1/3 \leq X \leq 2/3)$ .

(b) Given  $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & , x < 0 \\ 1 - e^{-x}/4 & , x \geq 0 \end{cases}$ , find

(i)  $P(X = 0)$ , (ii)  $P(X > 0)$ , (iii)  $P(X > 1)$ , (iv)  $P(1 < X < 5)$ , (v)  $P(X = 3)$ .

21. (a) Find the mean and variance of a continuous random variable whose p.d.f is

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1/8 & , 0 \leq x < 2 \\ x/8 & , 2 \leq x < 4 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) A continuous random variable has the p. d. f.  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 6x(1-x), & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Determine a number  $b$  such that  $P(X < b) = P(X > b)$ .

22. (a) Explain the following statements: (i) continuous and discrete random variable.

(ii) Axioms of probability (iii) Mathematical expectation with suitable example.

(b) State and Prove Chebyshev's inequality.

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